





is harmful to health.

Toner cartridges are normally de-

stroyed in waste incineration plants.

op plant concepts for recycling ton-

er cartridges.





EXPLOSION PROTECTION

The plant concept described is enabling an automatic removal of the toner powder from the toner cartridge. Every single toner cartridge is put into a feeding device by a co-worker. These cartridges are then fed into a lock system. Thereafter, the cartridges are cracked by a shredding unit, whereupon a sieving machine separates the toner powder from the cartridge compo-

nents.



Powder dusts are not only harmful to health, but also explosive. Even during the feeding and shredding process of toner cartridges, a mineral inert powder is injected in the system. This inert powder immediately binds with the toner powder and molecules are formed, which are no longer explosive. The sieving machine already mentioned separates the mixture of toner powder

and inert powder inside the closed system. The material is then filled up into a collecting container.

This effect has been verified and confirmed by an European institute. The method for the suppression of explosions in the treatment of toner cartridges was applied for a patent. The inert material used is extremely cheap and thus reducing the oper-

ating costs compared to an explosive suppression with nitrogen.

Additionally to the secondary explosion protection, which is the dosing of the inert powder, further explosion protection devices are integrated in the system. Explosion pressure relief devices, a pressure-resistant version and the extinguishing system form the tertiary explosion protection.

WEEE KNOW HOW



Mixed fraction



Plastics 48 7 %

Material	Share in %
Plastics PS	37.1
Plastics PPE	1.3
Plastics PET	0.3
Plastics PC	2.1
Plastics PE	0.5
Plastics PP	0.7
Plastics ABS	4.1
Plastics POM	2.4
Plastics PS transparent	0.2
Foam	0.4
Printed Circuit Boards/chips	0.3
Aluminum	3.5
Copper	0.0
Iron	41.0
Toner powder	6.1
Total	100.0

MATERIAL COMPOSITION OF TONER CARTRIDGES

The three main fractions PS (37.1%), Al (3.5%) and Fe (41%) already result in a mass share of approx. 80%. As a result, high recovery rates can be achieved.

FURTHER PROCESSING STEPS

The dust-free material mix produced with this treatment plant, consisting of shredded and residually emptied toner cartridges can be separated in e. g. existing WEEE treatment plants.

After further shredding steps, the separation of ferrous metals, non-ferrous metals and plastics are taking place.

However, these shredding and separation steps would also be possible immediately after the toner cartridge treatment.



One-stop planning, production, delivery and service









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